

The RobotCub project

November 26th
ICT2008, Lyon



Collaborations the RobotCub Consortium



Universität Zürich



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Goals

- Advance our understanding of artificial cognition
 - By looking at natural cognition "first hand"
 - By building an experimental platform shaped as a humanoid robot child
 - By implementing plausible models of cognition on this robot platform
- RobotCub is a 5 years long FP6 Integrated Project
 - It finishes next year, but the outcomes would hopefully last longer 😊



ROBotic Open-architecture Technology for
Cognition, Understanding and Behavior



Project No. 004370

RobotCub
Development of a Cognitive Humanoid Cub

Instrument: Integrated Project
Thematic Priority: IST - Cognitive Systems

**D2.1 A Roadmap for the Development of Cognitive
Capabilities in Humanoid Robots**

Due date: 01/09/2007
Submission Date: 07/10/2007

Start date of project: 01/09/2004

Duration: 60 months

Organisation name of lead contractor for this deliverable: **University of Genoa**

Responsible Person: **David Vernon**

Latest version is 6.2

Part I Scientific Framework

Part II The Phylogeny and Ontogeny
of Natural Cognitive Systems

Part III Neurophysiological and
Psychological Models

Part IV Work-in-Progress Models
of Cognition

Part V Research Roadmap



Cognition

Cognition: a process by which a system achieves behaviour that is

- robust
- adaptive
- anticipatory
- autonomous

Entails embodied perception, action, and interaction

iCub Cognitive Architecture

Grounded in neuroscience and psychology

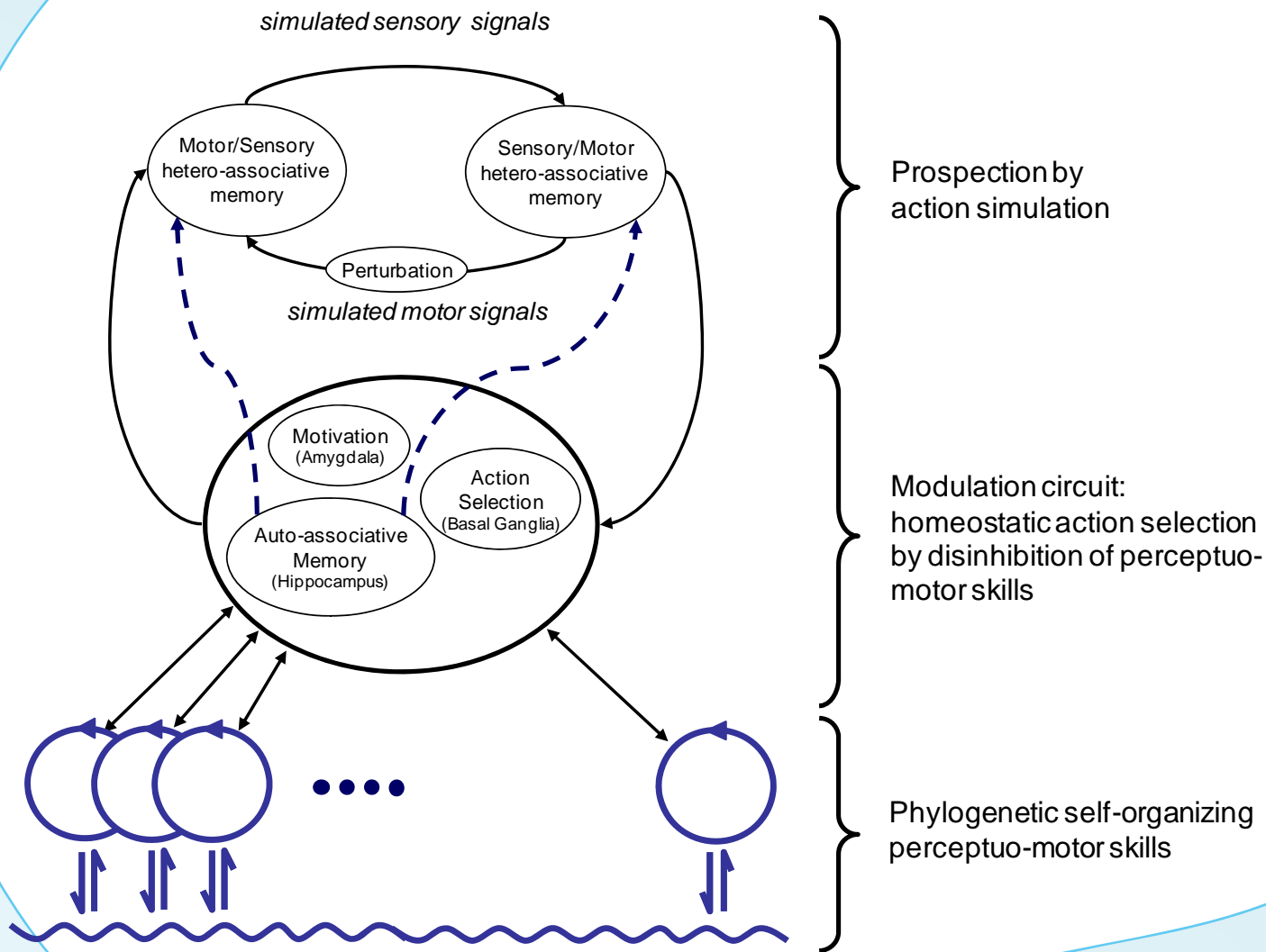
Rooted in action-dependent perception

Focussed on adaptive & prospective capabilities

Designed to facilitate development

Cognitive architecture \equiv (iCub) Phylogeny

We started from a "paper" design





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Empirical Investigation 1

- Source: [RobotCub deliverable 2.1](#) ([Image:Investigation1.pdf](#))

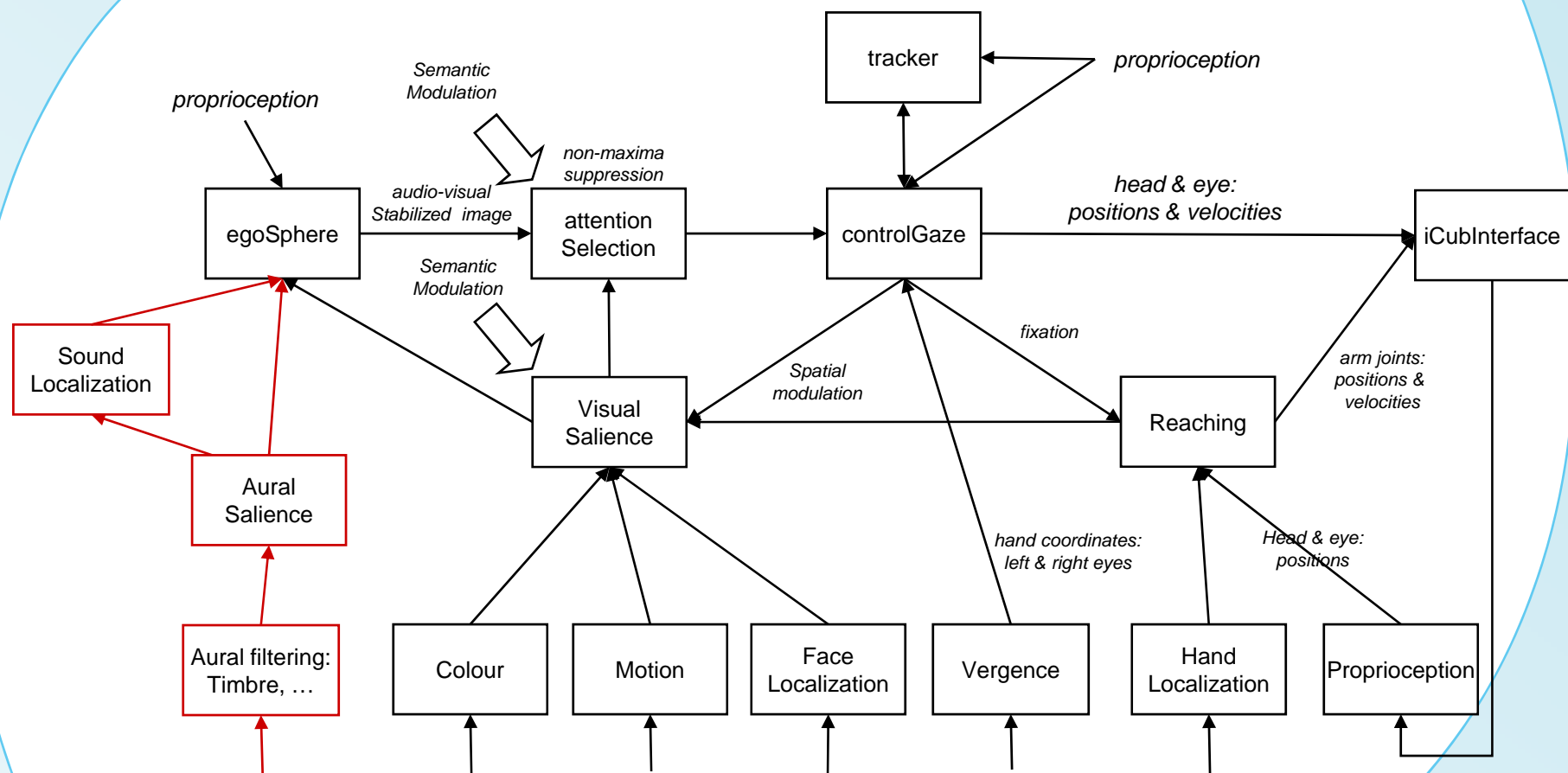
Situation: The icub "sits" in a special chair that gives support to the head and legs while the arms are free

Contents [\[hide\]](#)

- [1 Looking](#)
- [2 Reaching](#)
- [3 Reach and grasp](#)
- [4 Reaching and posture](#)
- [5 Postural control in action](#)
- [6 Manipulation and affordances](#)

Looking

- 1. A face pattern is introduced into the peripheral visual field (30° from the centre) . The visual angle c to position the face at the centre of the visual field. They both starts at the same time, but the eyes a gaze stay at the fixation object while the eyes counter rotate until they look straight ahead again. Th visual field or when a sounding object is introduced to the side of the robot ($30-50^\circ$). New objects that
- 2. The robot turns its head ($10-20^\circ$) while fixating an object or a face ($10-30^\circ$). The eyes of the robot v
- 3. An object moves into the visual field. Its average velocity is $8-25^\circ/s$. The robot makes a saccade to object makes repetitive turns the robot should turn its eyes with the motion with no lag. When the tur adjustments may have smaller amplitude than the object motion and the difference will then be comp the gaze adjustments will better adjusted to the object motion.
- 4. An object moves in the visual field and gets temporarily occluded behind some other objects. The the occluder. The saccade will predict when and where the object will appear.



A, V, P - aural, visual, and proprioceptive sensory information

[article](#)[discussion](#)[edit](#)[history](#)

iCub YARP module specifications

iCub software is organized and implemented as a collection of YARP executable modules. When appropriately connected YARP ports) these modules implement the required [iCub capabilities](#).

The following iCub YARP modules are available.

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```
armMover
attentionSelection
camCalib
camCalibConf
controlGaze
crossPowerSpectrumVergence
dsReaching
stereoVisualTracker
egoSphere
fggui
gaitControl
handLocalization
headTracker
histogramTracker
iCubInterface
learner
qSaliencyGui
qControlBoardGui
reaching
reachingLearner
saliency
simpleClient
tracker
yarpdev
```

There is a list of the dependencies between these modules and other resources here: [module dependenc](#)

RobotCub - A... x RobotCub - A... x YARP: Welco... x iCub: lasaBod... x VVV08 - Wiki ... x FP7 CHRIS Pr... x Programmin... x

http://eris.liralab.it/iCub/dox/html/group_lasabodyschema.html

Main PageRelated PagesModulesNamespacesData StructuresFilesDirectories

Search for

lasaBodySchema

[iCub applications]

This application performs reaching and gazing while learning the head and arm body schema, (i.e. [More...](#) something equivalent to the D.H parameters of the robot)

Dependencies

- It assumes that **velocityControl** for the part you are using is running
- It also assumes that **iCubInterface2** is running
- It also assumed that **stereoVisualTracker** is running
- For full functionality **visualRotation** is also assumed to run.

Instantiated Modules

The following modules are instantiated:

- A **reaching_module** for reaching with the arm
- A second instance of **reaching_module** for reaching with the head (in other words gazing)
- A **body_schema_learning** for learning the body schema
- A **head_transfo** for converting visual data from head-centered to body centered coordinates
- A **kinematic_simulator** for visualizing what is going on,

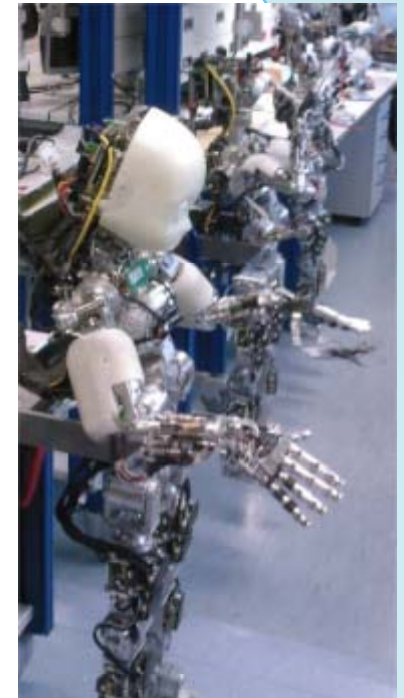
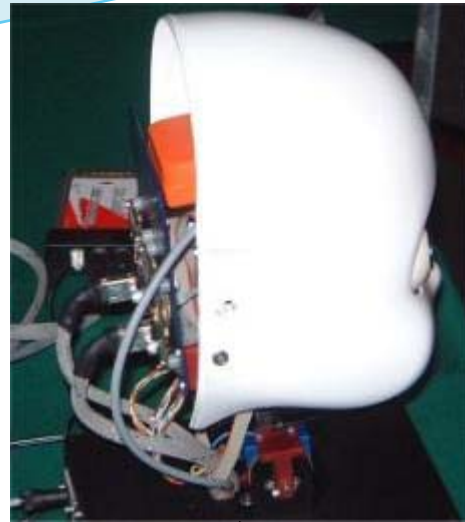
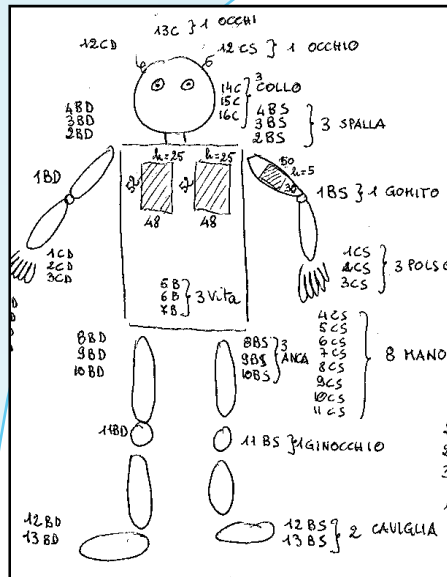
Here is how they are interconnected

RobotCub.org

still

Two challenges ~~now~~ face the project

1. Consolidate the software architecture and complete its implementation
2. Add on more ontogenetically-motivated functionality to facilitate learning and development, *i.e.* more cognitive behaviour.



Month 0

Month 12

Month 24

Month 36

Month 48

Month 60



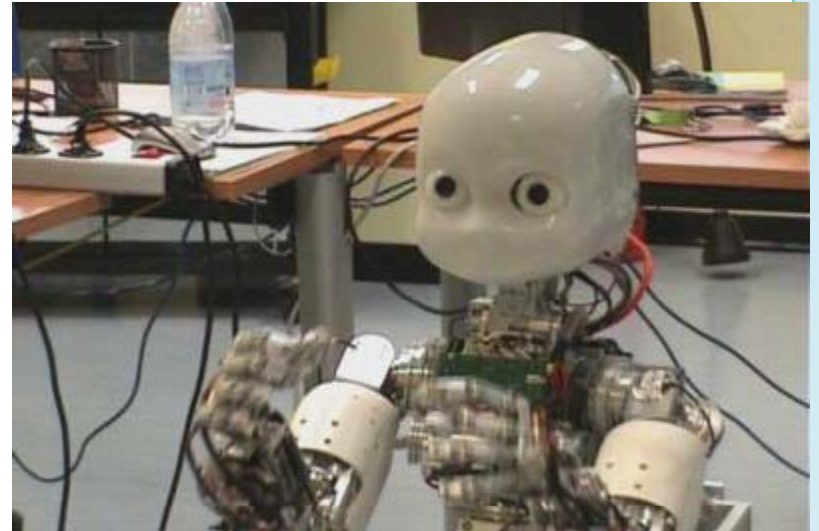
The iCub: quick summary

The iCub is the humanoid baby-robot designed as part of the RobotCub project

- The iCub is a **full humanoid robot** sized as a three and half year-old child.
- The total height is **104cm**.
- It has **53 degrees of freedom**, including articulated hands to be used for manipulation and gesturing.
- The robot will be able to **crawl and sit** and autonomously transition from crawling to sitting and vice-versa.
- The robot is **GPL/FDL**: software, hardware, drawings, documentation, etc.

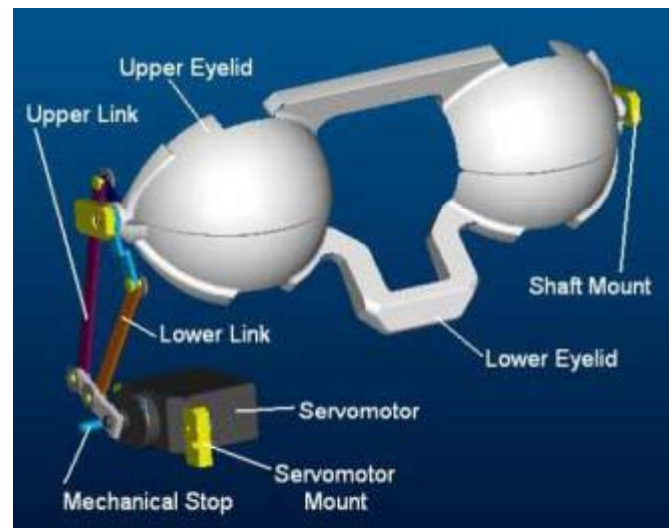
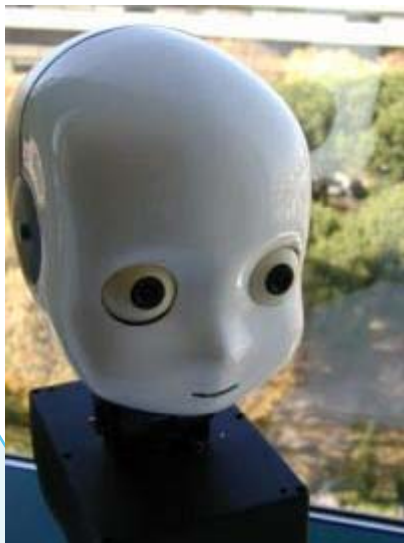
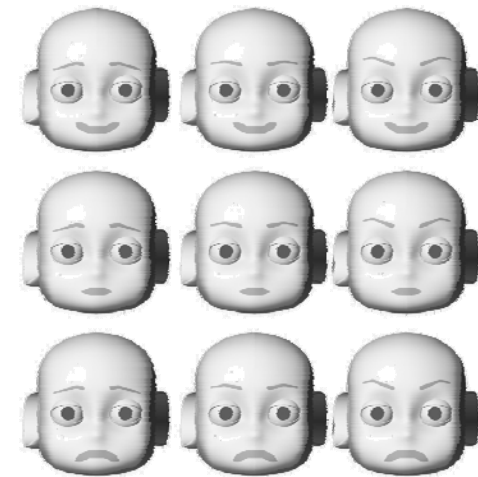
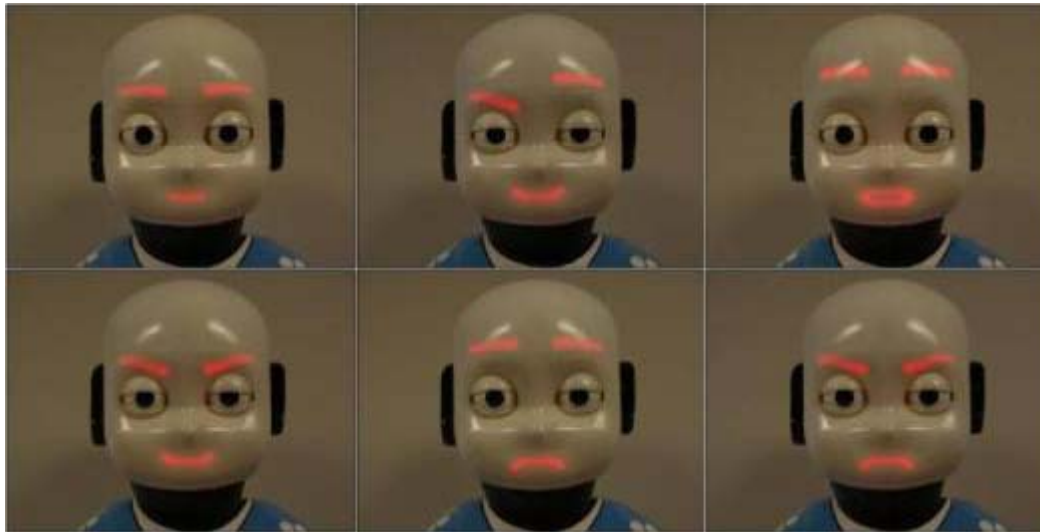
Degrees of freedom

- Head: vergence, common tilt + 3 dof neck
- Arms: 7 dof each
 - Shoulder (3), elbow (1), wrist (3)
- Hands: 9 dof each ► 19 joints
 - 5 fingers ► underactuated
- Legs: 6 dof each
 - Hip (3), knee (1), ankle (2)
- Waist: 3 dof



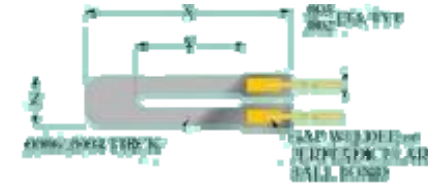
$$\Sigma = 53 \text{ dof} \quad (\text{not counting the facial expressions})$$

Facial expressions



Sensorization

- For each joint:
 - Position (some absolute, some incremental):
 - Magnetic absolute position sensors
 - Encoders
 - Hall-effect sensors
 - Torque/tension
 - Limb level, but work in progress to add joint level torque sensing
 - Current consumption
 - Temperature (monitor, safety)
 - Safe operation (but we have a disclaimer now!)



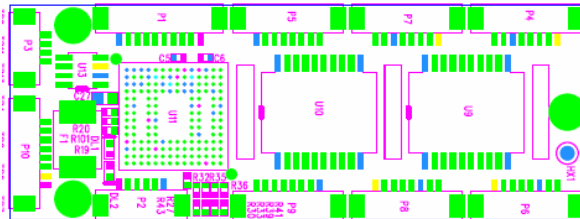
In addition...

- Cameras
 - Pointgrey Dragonfly firewire cameras
- Force/torque sensors
 - Custom development: 6 axial
- Microphones, speaker
 - Standard condenser electret miniature microphones
 - Pinnae
- Gyroscopes, linear accelerometers
 - Xsense: Mtx
- Tactile sensors, skin, fingertips
 - Capacitive sensors (more later)

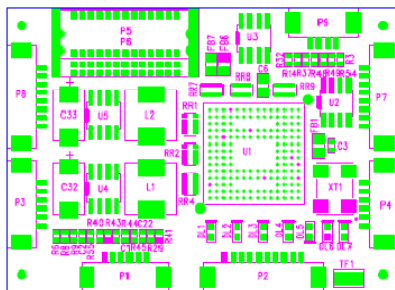


Custom electronics

- ADC card
 - Special connectors (40 pins < 1cm length)
 - 200µm stainless steel wires, coated in Teflon
- Motor control
 - C programmable DSP 40 MIPS
 - Up to 4A DC motor



80x30mm

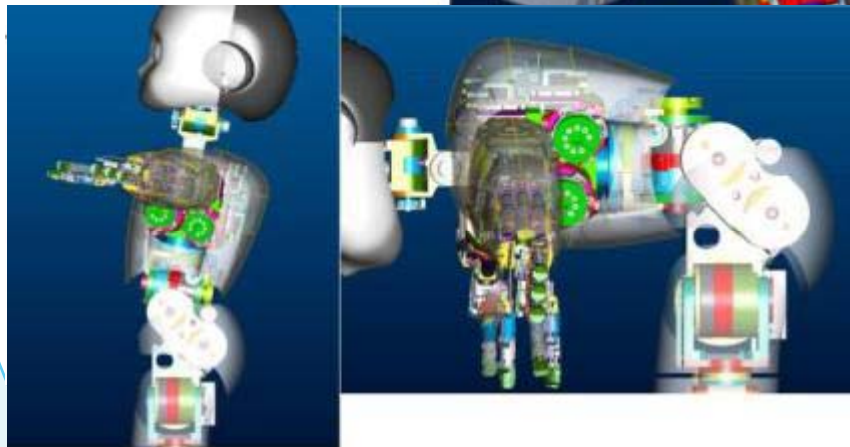
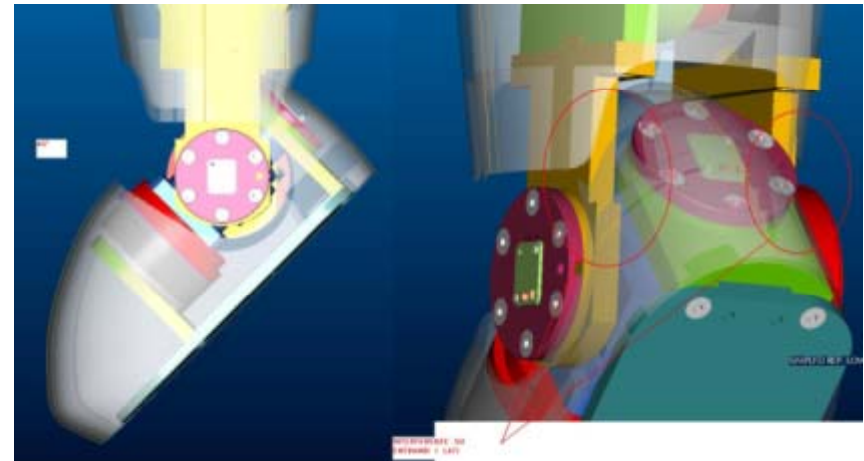
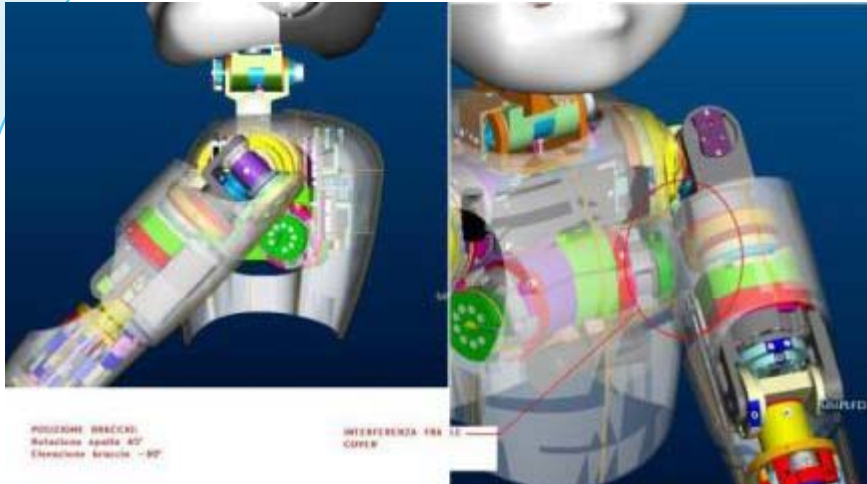


58x42mm



Motorola DSP56F807 (5680x family)
 MAC instructions
 PWM generation
 ADC
 Digital I/O
 Can bus
 C programmable

The iCub cover design



⋮

Level 2 APIs: Prospective Action Behaviors

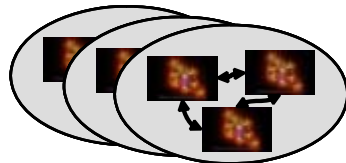
Coordinated operation: Ontogenic Development

Level 1 APIs: perception/action behaviors

Innate perception/action primitives
loose federation of behaviors

own
learning
model

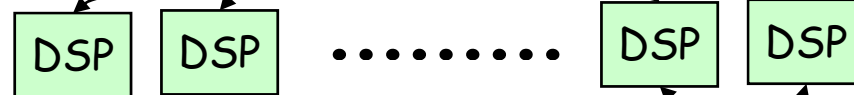
Level 0 APIs: data acquisition & motor control



Multiple YARP processes
Running on multiple processors



pc104: Yarp also here → HUB



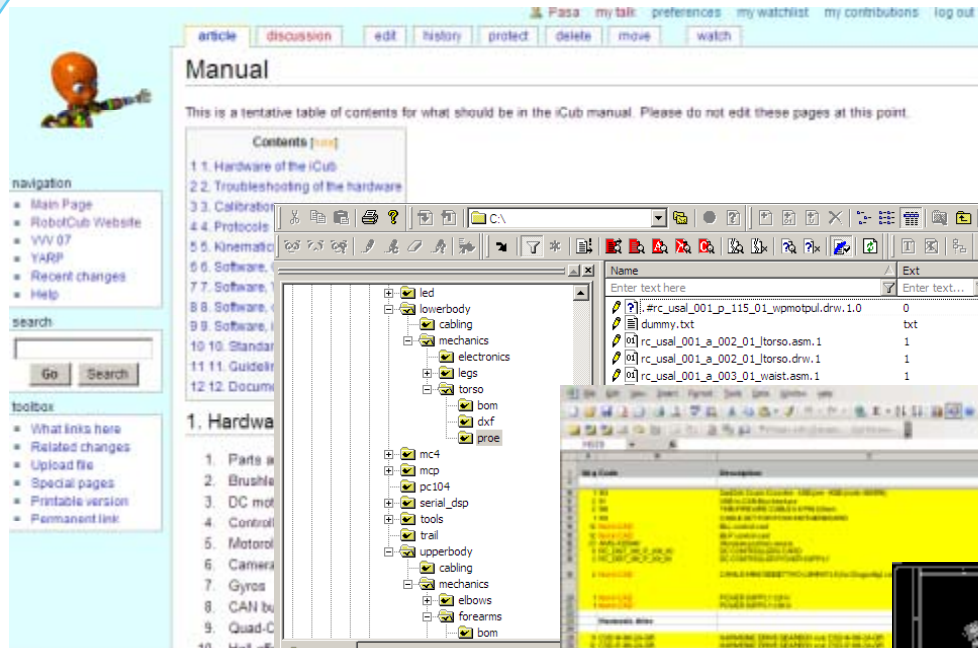
Sensors & Actuators

Cognitive
Architecture

Software
Architecture

YARP:
Middleware

iCub
Embedded
Systems

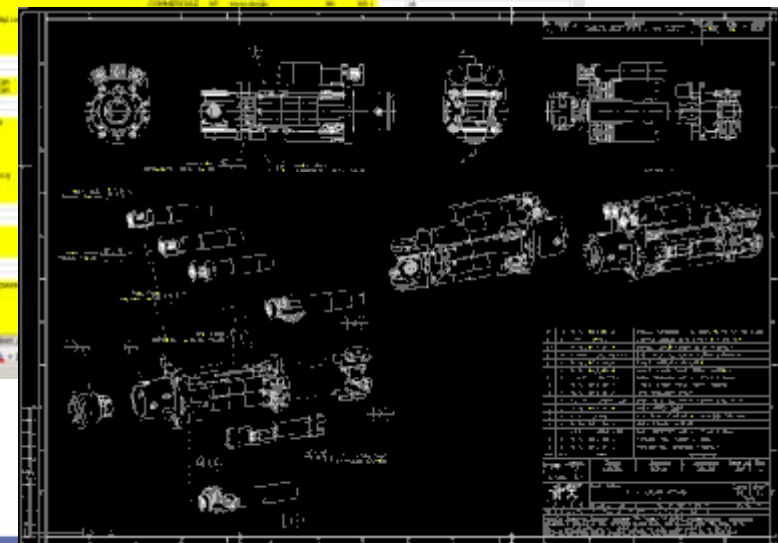
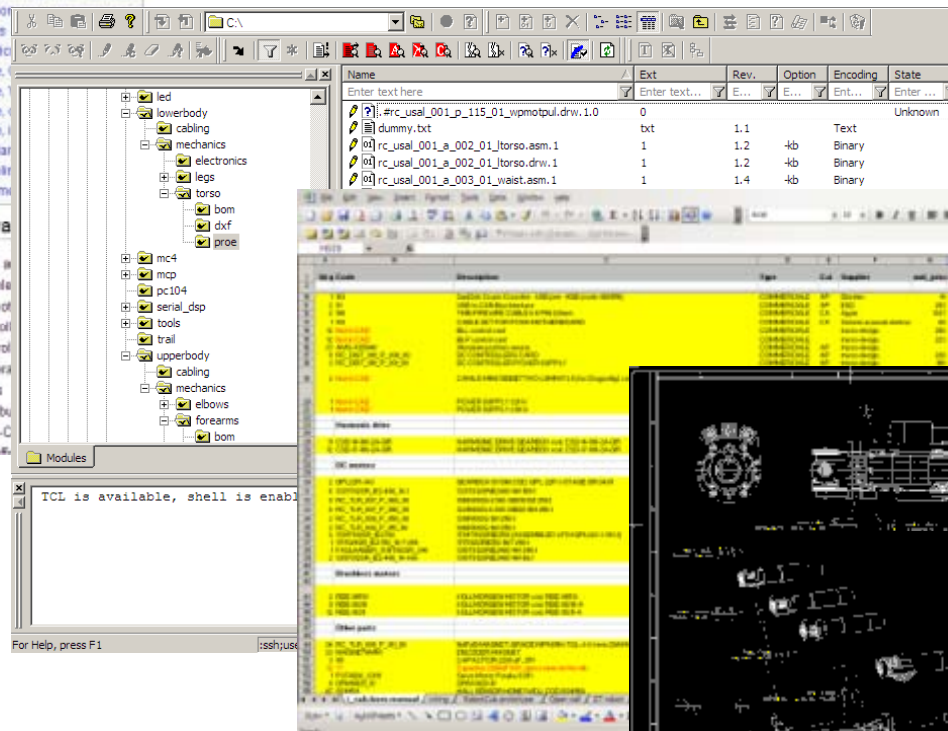


Wiki

CVS

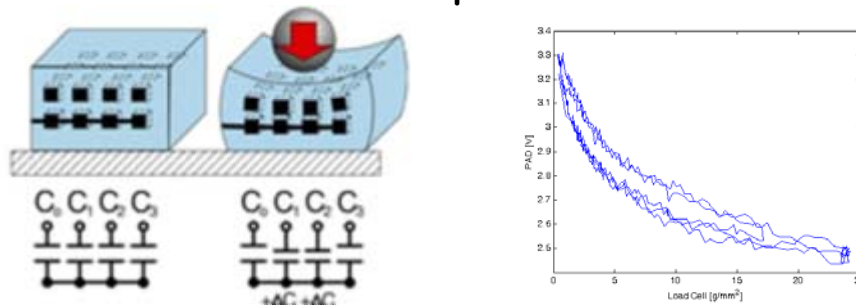
Part lists

Drawings

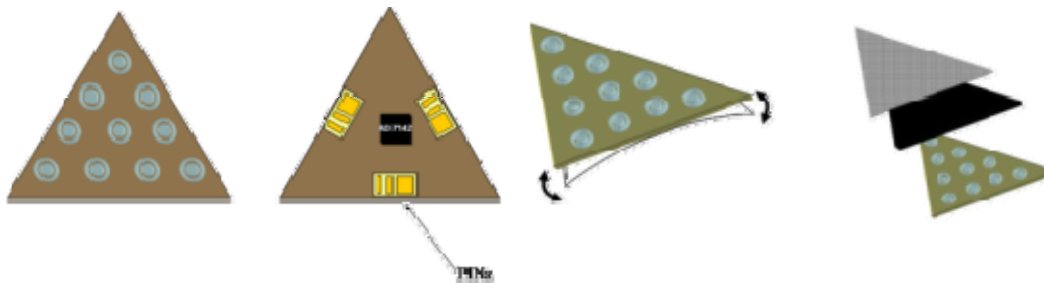


The skin (ideas...)

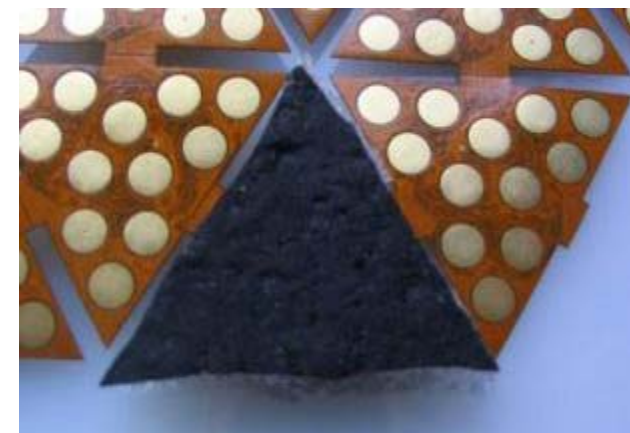
Principle



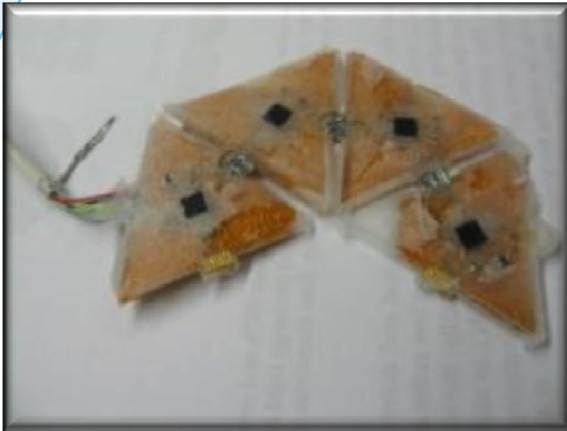
Lot of sensing points



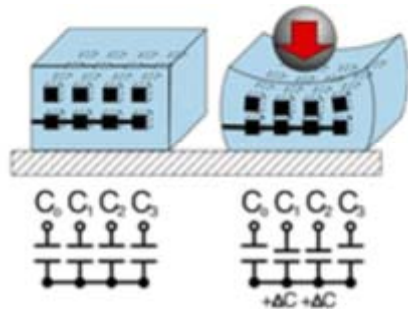
Structure of the skin



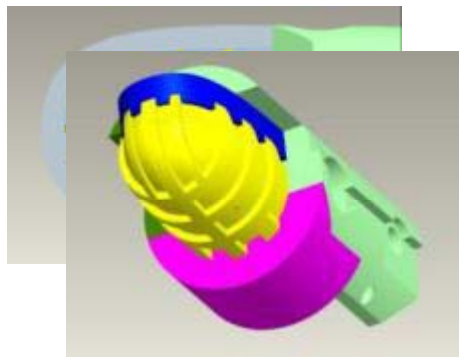
Some initial results



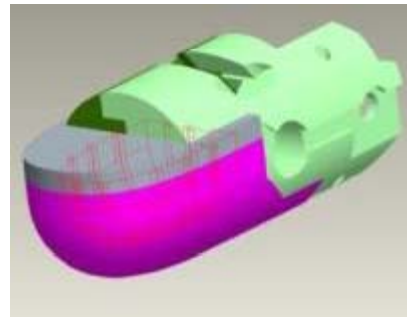
Fingertip



Outline



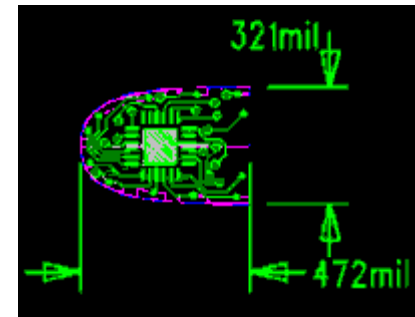
3D CAD



Silicon cover



Electrode fabrication



Electronics

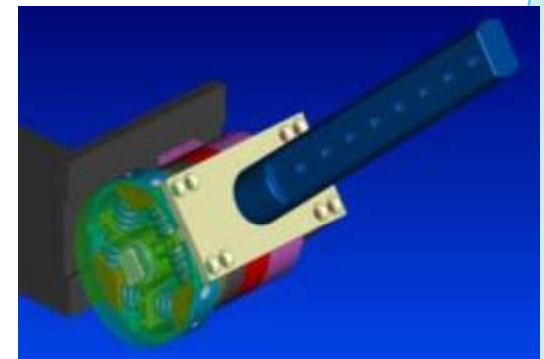


Complete prototype

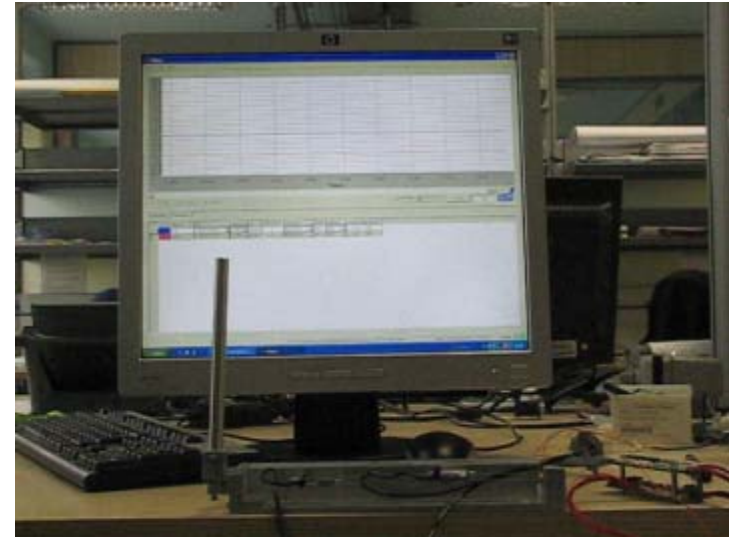
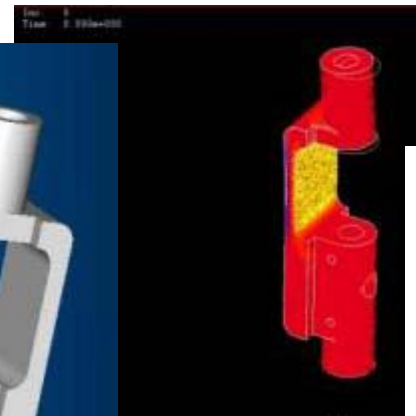
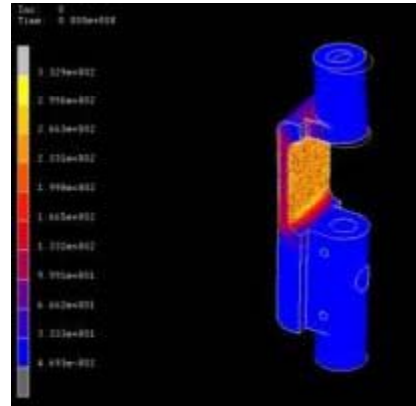
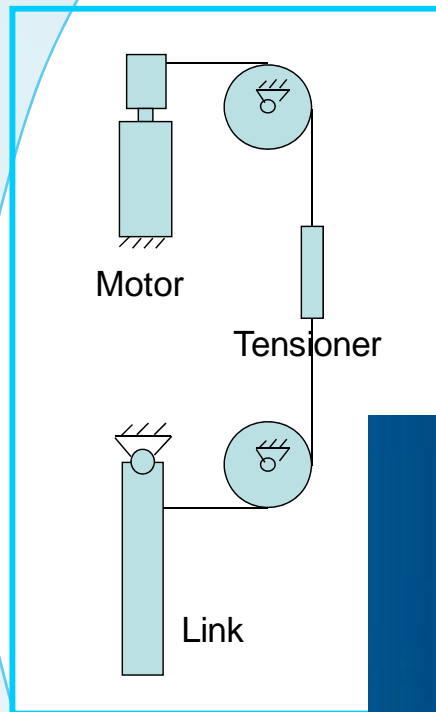
Compliant joints (SEL)



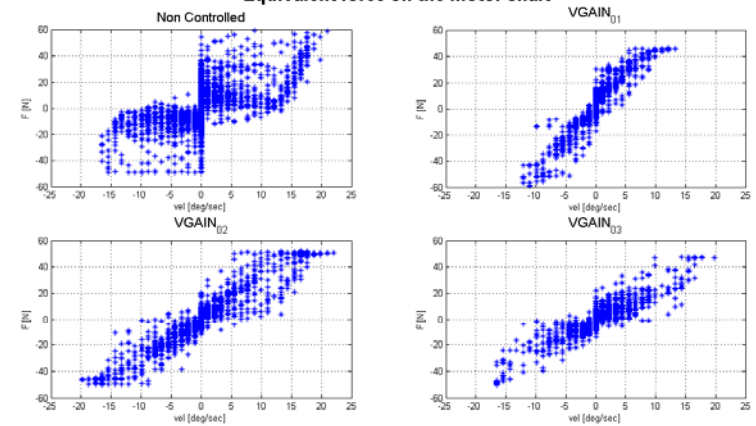
Diameter	70mm
Length	80mm
Power	190W
Gear Ratio	100:1
Peak Torque	40Nm
Max Rotary Passive Deflection	$\pm 0.18\text{rad}$
Weight	0.52Kg



...or tension sensors



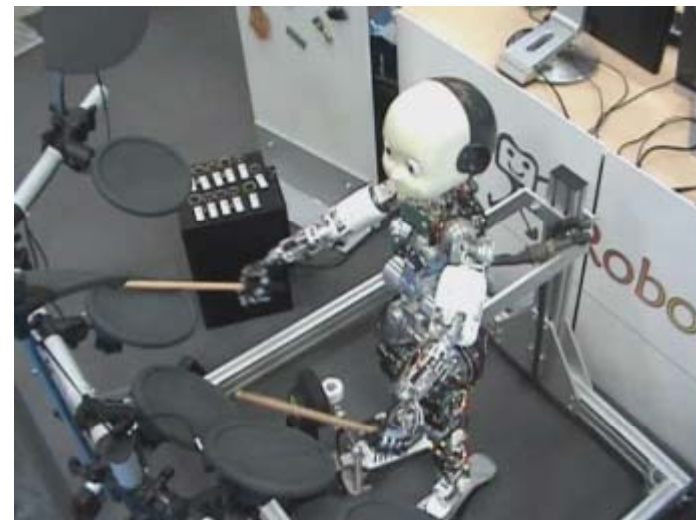
Equivalent force on the motor shaft



More examples...



With Peter Ford-Dominey (Inserm, Lyon)



With Auke Ijspeert, Ludovic Righetti,
Sarah Degallier (EPFL)



With Auke Ijspeert, Ludovic Righetti,
Sarah Degallier (EPFL)



With VisLab (IST Lisbon)

4 robots of the Open Call



People

- Giulio Sandini: Mentor & guidance
- Lorenzo Natale, Francesco Nori: Software, testing, calibration
- Marco Maggiali, Marco Randazzo: firmware, DSP libraries, tactile sensing
- Francesco Becchi, Paolo Pino, Giulio Maggiolo, Gabriele Careddu: design and integration
- Roberto Puddu, Gabriele Tabbita, Walter Fancellu: assembly
- Nikos Tsagarakis, William Hinojosa: legs and spine, force/torque sensors
- Bruno Bonino, Fabrizio Larosa, Claudio Lorini: electronics and wiring
- Luciano Pittera, Davide Dellepiane: wiring
- Mattia Salvi: CAD maintenance
- Alberto Zolezzi: managing quotes, orders and spare parts
- Giovanni Stellin: hand
- Ricardo Beira, Luis Vargas, Miguel Praca: design of the head and face
- Paul Fitzpatrick & Alessandro Scalzo: software middleware
- Alberto Parmiggiani: joint level sensing
- Alexander Schmitz: fingertips
- Nestor Nava: small Harmonic Drive integration
- Ravinder Dahiya: FET-PVDF tactile sensors
- Lorenzo Jamone: fingertips
- Jean-Baptiste Keller, Daniel Roussy: construction
- Ludovic Righetti: simulation and initial torque specification